

Gap prediction is not fully constrained by grammar

Hebrew Maze results

Mandy Cartner & Aya Meltzer-Asscher

Tel Aviv University

Filler-gap dependency resolution

Filled-gap effect (FGE)

Increased difficulty when a potential gap position is filled (“the girl”).

(1) Which painting did the boy see **the girl** admiring __?



Active

No FGE inside islands

No increased difficulty on “the forest”, inside an island.

(2) Which painting did the story about **the forest** inspire __?

Grammatically
constrained

Cataphora resolution

Mismatch effect

Difficulty when a potential antecedent mismatches the cataphor.

(3) When she was at the party, **the boy** cruelly teased the girl.



Active

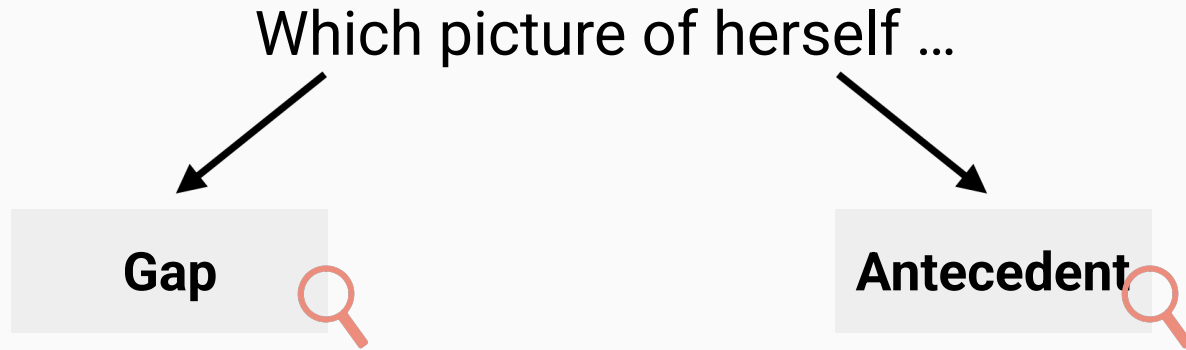
No mismatch effect violating Principle B

No difficulty on mismatching NP if binding violates Principle B.

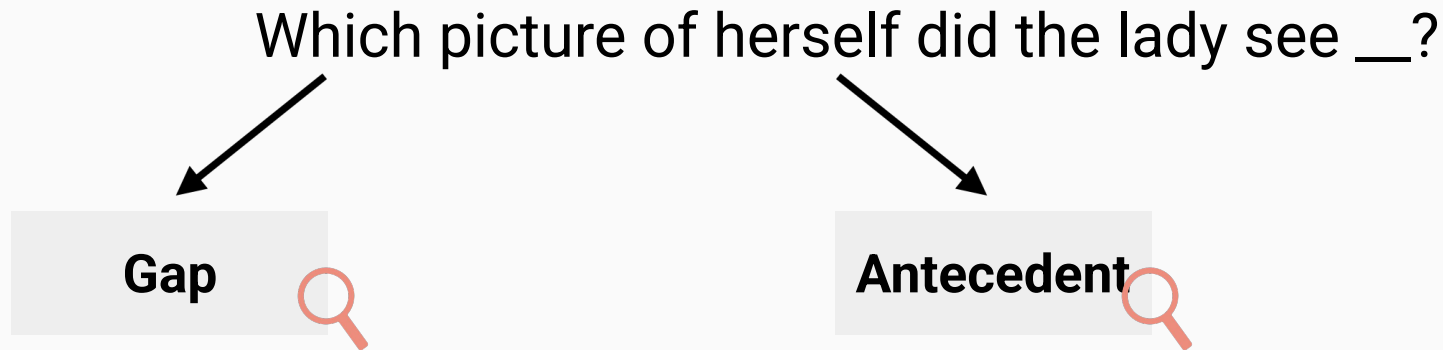
(4) While driving her to school, Christopher told Hannah that...

Grammatically
constrained

Reflexive-filler: Simultaneous searches



Reflexive-filler: Simultaneous searches



! The antecedent must be higher than the gap

Reflexive-filler

- 1) Which picture of **herself** did the boy see **the girl** admiring __?
- 2) Which picture of **herself** did the lady see **the girl** admiring __?

What are our predictions given the reflexive-filler?

Does the search for an antecedent affect the search for a gap?

Reflexive-filler: Predictions

Subject

- 1) Which picture of herself did the boy see **the girl** admiring __?
- 2) Which picture of herself did the lady see **the girl** admiring __?

Mismatch effect:

Subject slowdown in (1)
compared to (2)

Reflexive-filler: Predictions

- 1) Which picture of herself did the boy see **the girl** admiring __?
- 2) Which picture of herself did the lady see **the girl** admiring __?
- Object

FGE only in (2)



Antecedent search is prioritized over the filler-gap dependency

Or: The parser forms a global prediction, wherein a gap must *follow* an antecedent

FGE in both (1) and (2)



Gap search is prioritized over the reflexive-antecedent dependency

Experiments 1 & 2

Materials

Reflexive-filler

MATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balaš cilem et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.M filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete?

MISMATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balašit cilema et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.F filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete?

Experiments 1 & 2

Materials

Reflexive-filler

MATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balaš cilem et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.M filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete?

MISMATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balašit cilema et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.F filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete?

Baseline

MATCH

when the-detective.M filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete video of himself?

MISMATCH

when the-detective.F filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete video of himself?

Experiments 1 & 2

Methods

24 items sets. Administered online using PClbex.

Experiment 1: SPR

- Self-paced reading task
- **60** Hebrew speakers, **3** excluded due to <60% comprehension accuracy

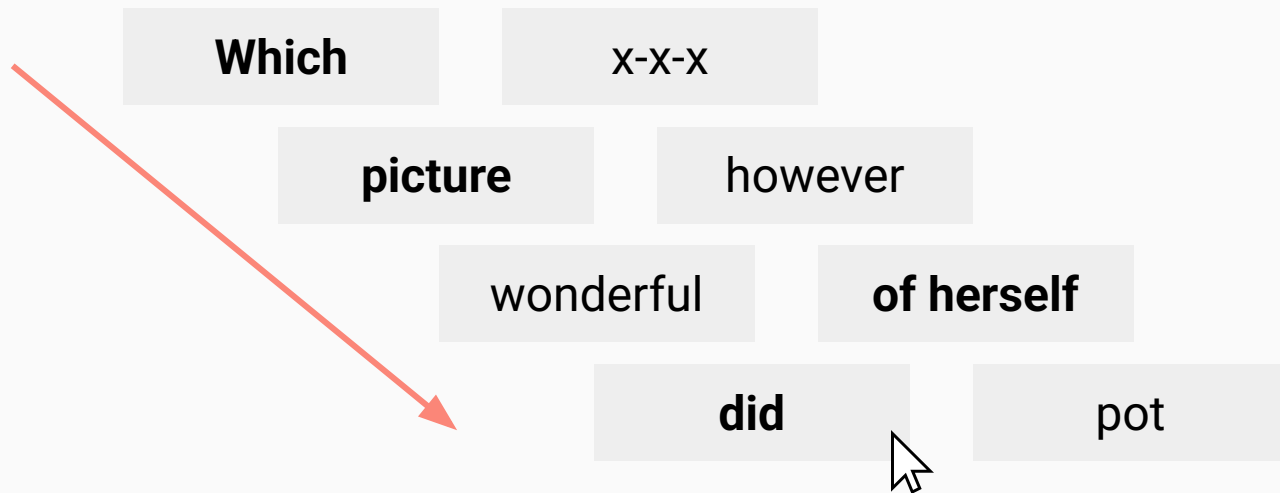
Experiment 2: Maze

- Grammatical Maze task
- **60** Hebrew speakers, **12** excluded due to <60% comprehension & Maze accuracy

Experiments 1 & 2

Methods

The Maze task:

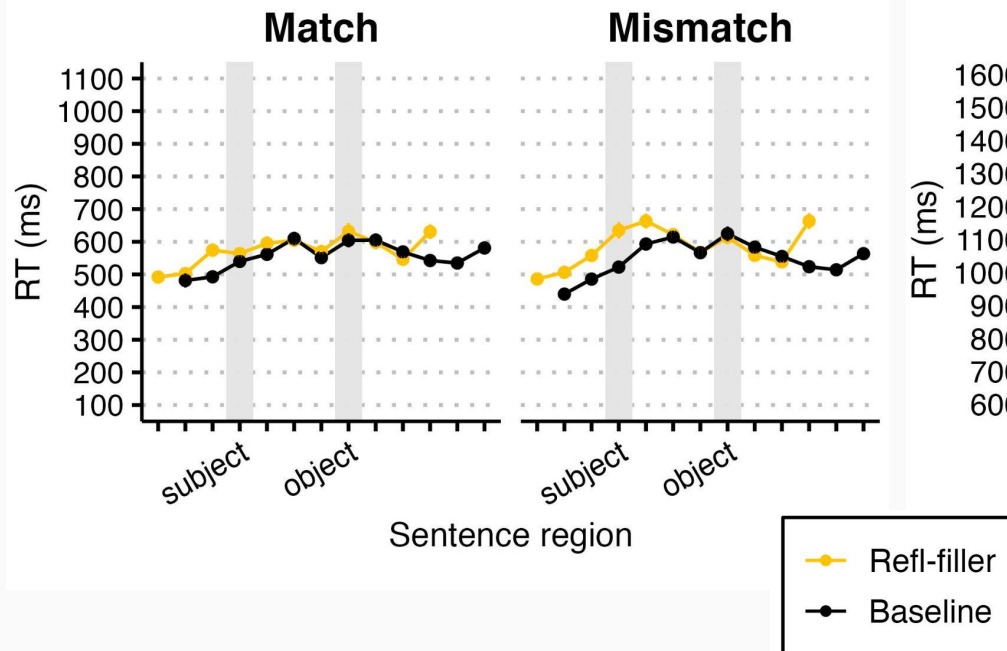


Boyce et al. (2020); Forster et al. (2009)
Multilingual A-Maze foil generation: [Duff \(2024\)](#)

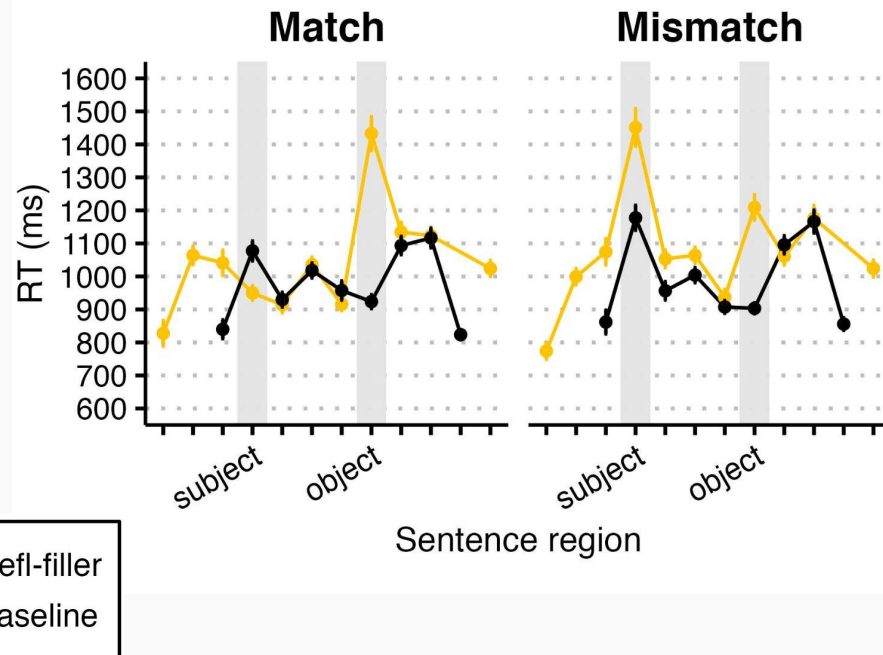
Experiments 1 & 2

Results

Experiment 1: SPR



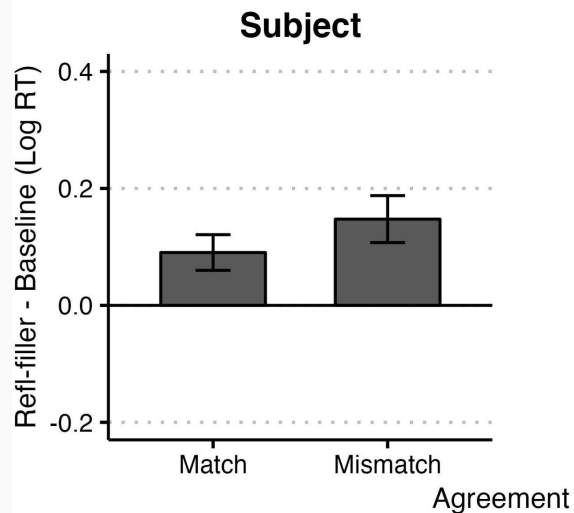
Experiment 2: Maze



Experiments 1 & 2

Results

Experiment 1: SPR



Subject RTs: Mismatch effect

Structure \times Agreement

Est	SE	l-95%	u-95%
0.03	0.01	0.00	0.05

Object RTs: No FGE...

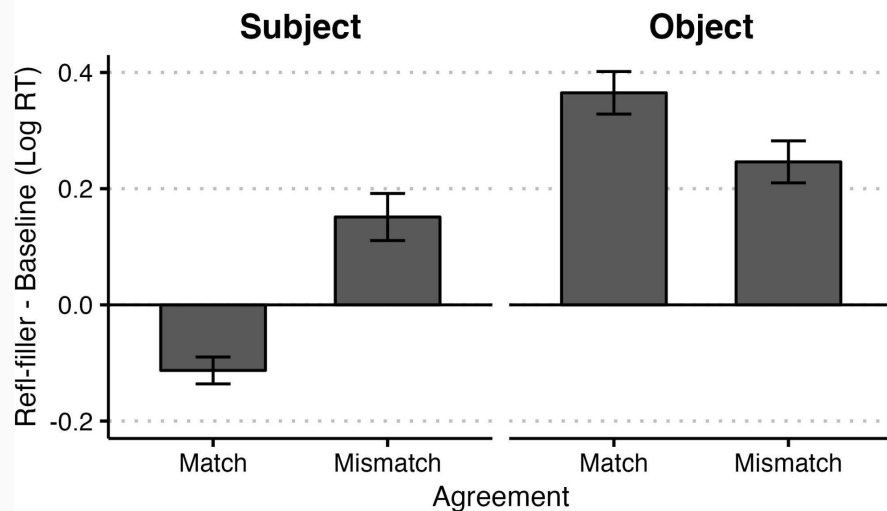
Structure

Est	SE	l-95%	u-95%
0.00	0.01	-0.03	0.03

Experiments 1 & 2

Results

Experiment 2: Maze



Subject RTs: Mismatch effect

Structure \times Agreement

Est	SE	I-95%	u-95%
0.07	0.01	0.04	0.10

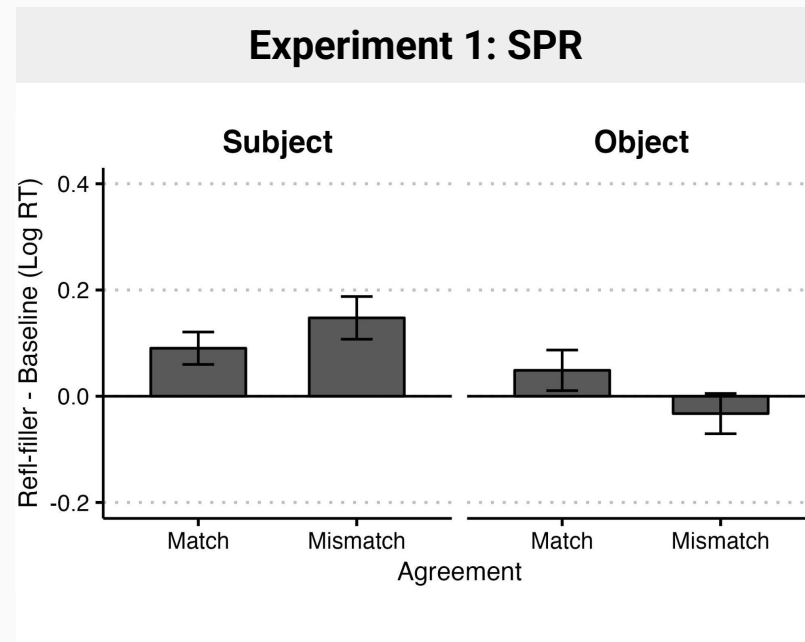
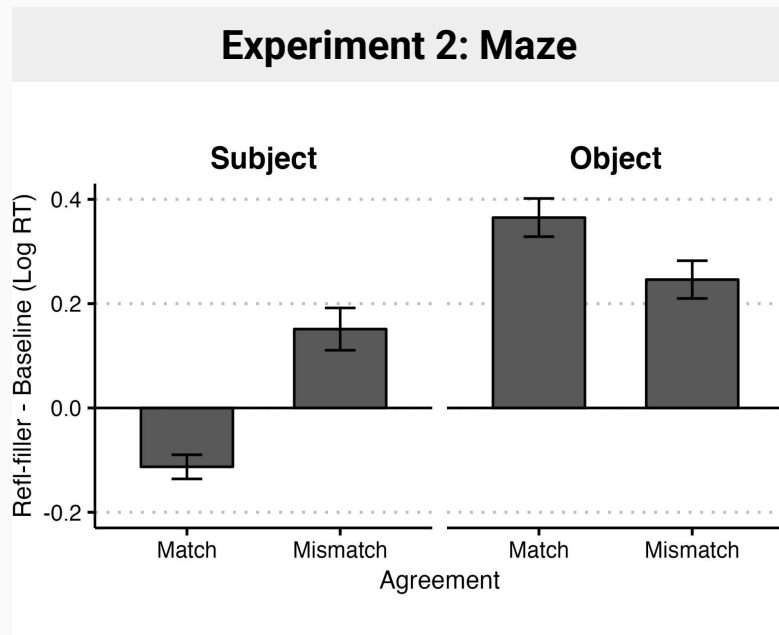
Object RTs: Modulated FGE

Structure \times Agreement

Est	SE	I-95%	u-95%
0.03	0.01	0.01	0.06

Experiments 1 & 2

Results



Comprehension question accuracy:

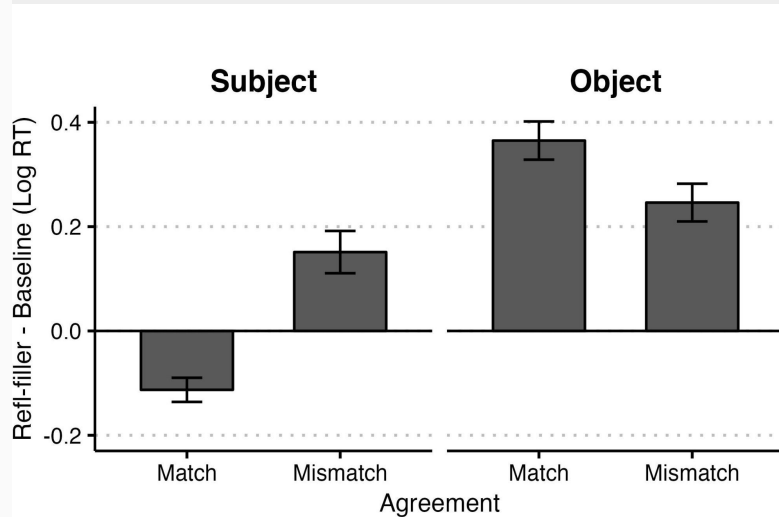
Avg. 88%

Avg. 66%

Experiments 1 & 2

Results

Experiment 2: Maze



Smaller FGE after a Mismatch

→ Gap prediction is sensitive to the requirements of the filler

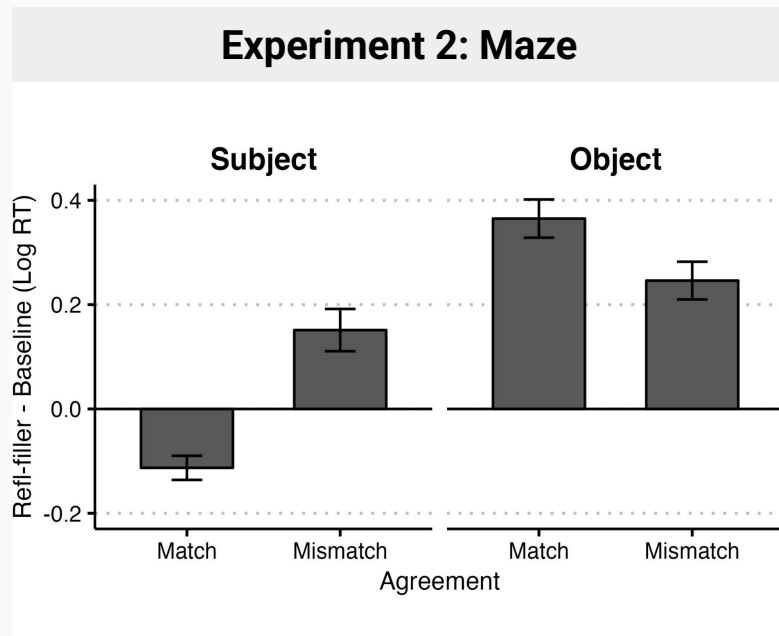
However, the FGE **persists** after a Mismatch

→ Gap search is (somewhat) prioritized over the reflexive-antecedent dependency

Which video of himself did the detective.F film the suspect.M delete?

Experiments 1 & 2

Results



Noisy-channel hypothesis

Gap prediction after a mismatch is the result of rationalization over noisy reading: Readers assume the subject mismatch must have been an error (e.g., the reflexive was intended to be feminine), and only thus predict an object gap.

Levy (2008)

Which video of himself did the detective.F film the suspect.M delete?

Experiment 3

Materials

Reflexive-filler

MATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balaš cilem et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.M filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete?

MISMATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balašit cilema et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.F filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete?

2-MISMATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balašiot cilmu et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.F.PL filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete?

Baseline

when the-detective.M filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete video of himself?

when the-detective.F filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete video of himself?

when the-detective.F.PL filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete video of himself?

Experiments 3

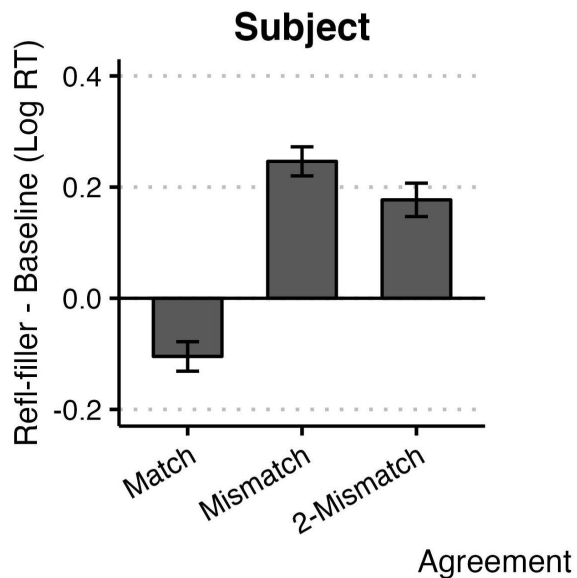
Methods

- 36 items sets
- Grammatical Maze task
- Administered online using PClbex
- 90 Hebrew speakers, 11 excluded due to <60% comprehension & Maze accuracy

Experiments 3

Results

Experiment 3: Maze



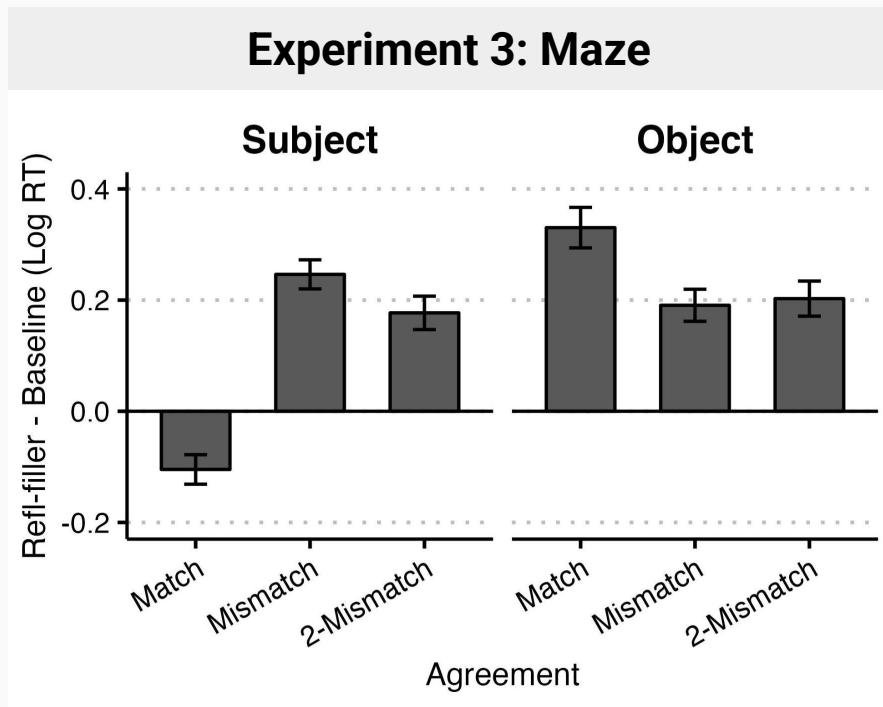
Subject RTs: Mismatch effect

Match/Mismatch \times Agreement

Est	SE	l-95%	u-95%
-0.05	0.01	-0.06	-0.04

Experiments 3

Results



Object RTs: Modulated FGE

Match/Mismatch \times Agreement

Est	SE	I-95%	u-95%
0.02	0.01	0.01	0.04

Object RTs: Mismatch \approx 2-Mismatch

Mismatch/2-Mismatch \times Agreement

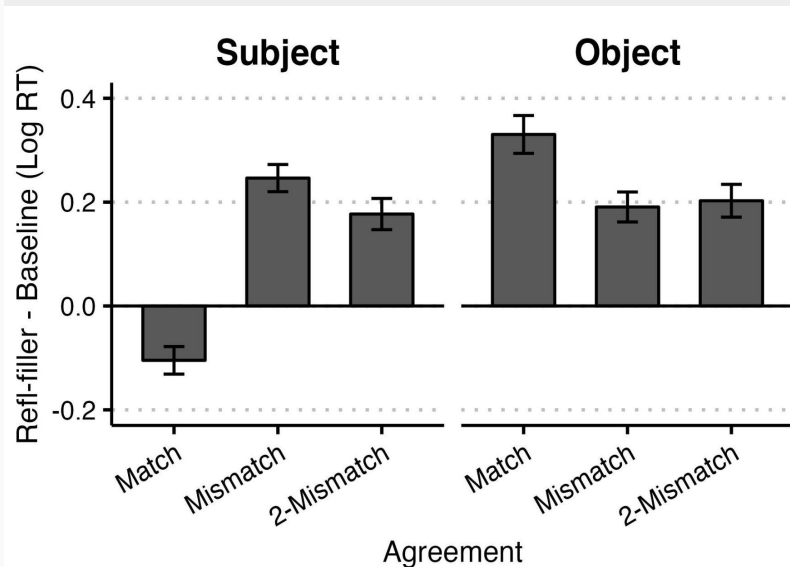
Est	SE	I-95%	u-95%
-0.00	0.01	-0.02	0.02

BF < 1/100: Extreme evidence against a Mismatch/2-Mismatch difference.

Experiments 3

Discussion

Experiment 3: Maze



The FGE persists in 2-Mismatch, where misinterpretation is less likely.

→ No evidence that it is the result of rational misinterpretation.

Discussion

Predictions

FGE only after match

Antecedent search is prioritized over the filler-gap dependency.

FGE either way

Gap search is prioritized over the reflexive-antecedent dependency.

Results

FGE is *smaller* after a mismatch

Gap search is prioritized, but predictions are somewhat sensitive to the reflexive.

Discussion

Why did we only find a FGE *modulation*, while islands are evidenced to *fully* block gap prediction?

Stowe (1986); Traxler & Pickering (1996); Pickering et al. (1994);
Keshev & Meltzer-Asscher (2017); Phillips (2006)

Subject island: Which painting did the story about **the forest** inspire?

- One search (gap); the gap itself is ungrammatical within an island.

Reflexive-filler: Which picture of herself did the boy see **the girl** admiring?

- Two searches (gap & antecedent); the gap itself is licensed in the FG position.

Conclusions

Subject Mismatch effect

A fronted reflexive triggers an active search for its antecedent.

cf. Kazanina et al. (2007); Giskes & Kush (2021); Kush & Dillon (2021)

Smaller FGE after Mismatch

Gap prediction is sensitive to the requirements of the reflexive-filler. However, it is privileged, overriding the search for an antecedent.

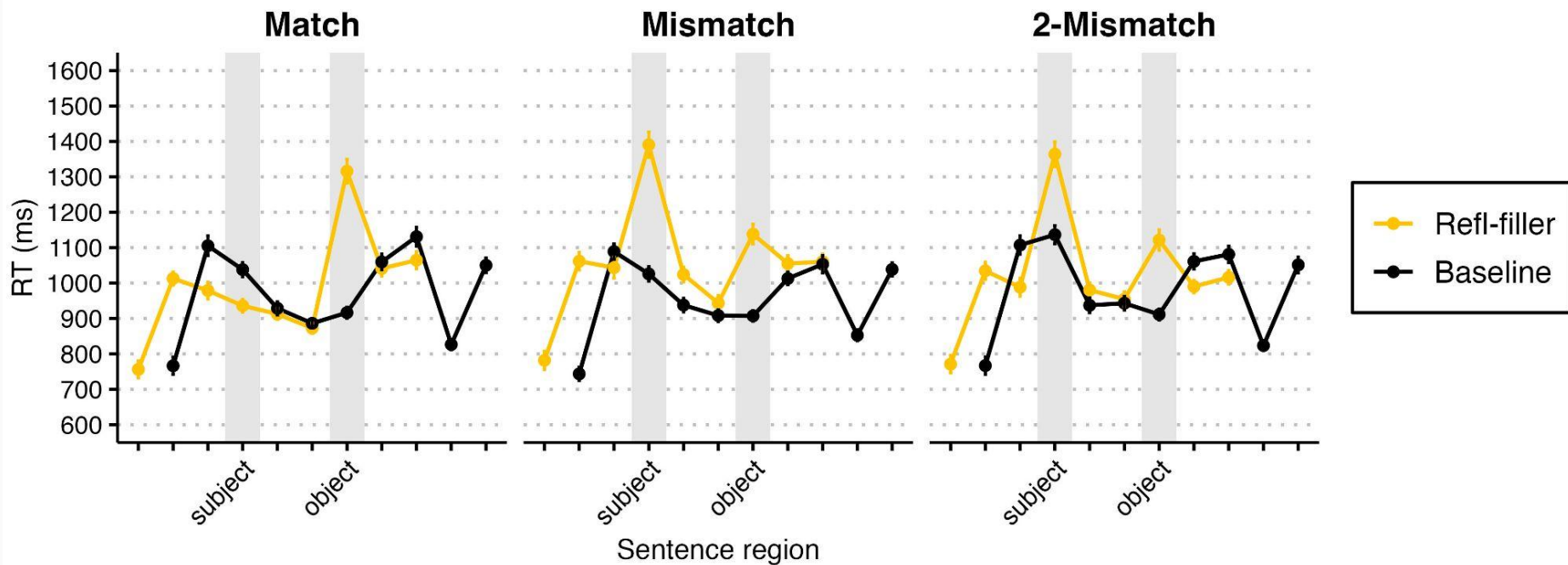
FGE in Maze task, but not SPR

The Maze forces highly incremental processing, while SPR is passive, and may produce inattentive participants.

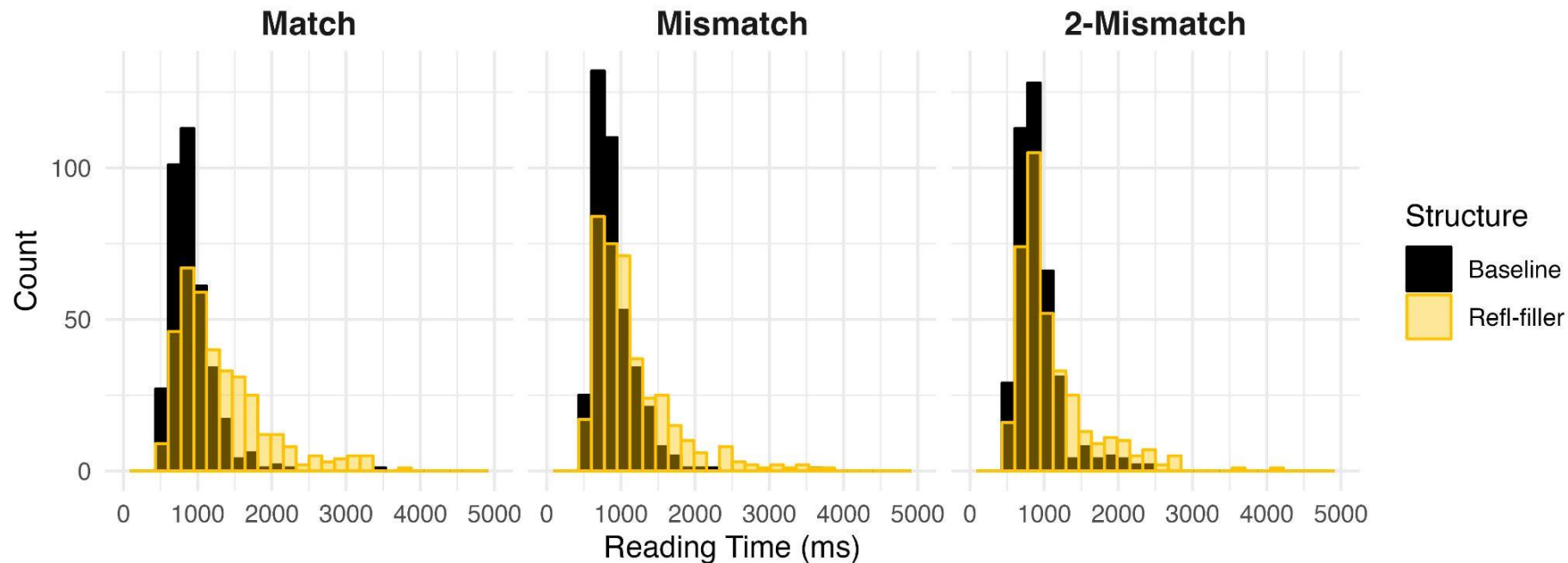
Thank you!

Thanks to Edward Kishinevsky, Danielle Katzir and Naama Gidron for their help in material creation and participant running, to John Duff for his insight and contribution to A-Maze foil generation, and to Brian Dillon, Maayan Keshev, Inbal Kuperwasser, Anna Laurinavichyute, Titus von der Malsburg, the Tel Aviv sentence processing lab, and s/lab at UC Santa Cruz for feedback and discussion.

Exp 3: Word-by-word RTs



Exp 3: RT distribution at Object (FG) position



Noisy-channel: Reflexive misinterpretation

MISMATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balašit cilema et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.F filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete?

1 feature
frequent form

acma
herself

2-MISMATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balašiot cilmu et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.F.PL filmed ACC the-suspect.M delete?

2 features
infrequent form

acman
themselves.F

Example materials: Feature counterbalancing

Reflexive-filler: Masculine

MATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balaš cilem et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.M filmed.M ACC the-suspect.M delete?

MISMATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balašit cilema et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.F filmed.M ACC the-suspect.M delete?

2-MISMATCH

eize sirton šel acmo ha-balašiot cilmu et ha-xašud moxek?
which video of himself the-detective.F.PL filmed.PL ACC the-suspect.M delete?

Reflexive-filler: Feminine

MATCH

eize tmuna šel acma ha-moxeret ra'ata et ha-lakoxa boxeret?
which picture of herself the-seller.F saw.F ACC the-costumer.F choose?

MISMATCH

eize tmuna šel acma ha-moxer ra'a et ha-lakoxa boxeret?
which picture of herself the-seller.M saw.M ACC the-costumer.F choose?

2-MISMATCH

eize tmuna šel acma ha-moxrim ra'u et ha-lakoxa boxeret?
which picture of herself the-seller.M.PL saw.PL ACC the-costumer.F choose?

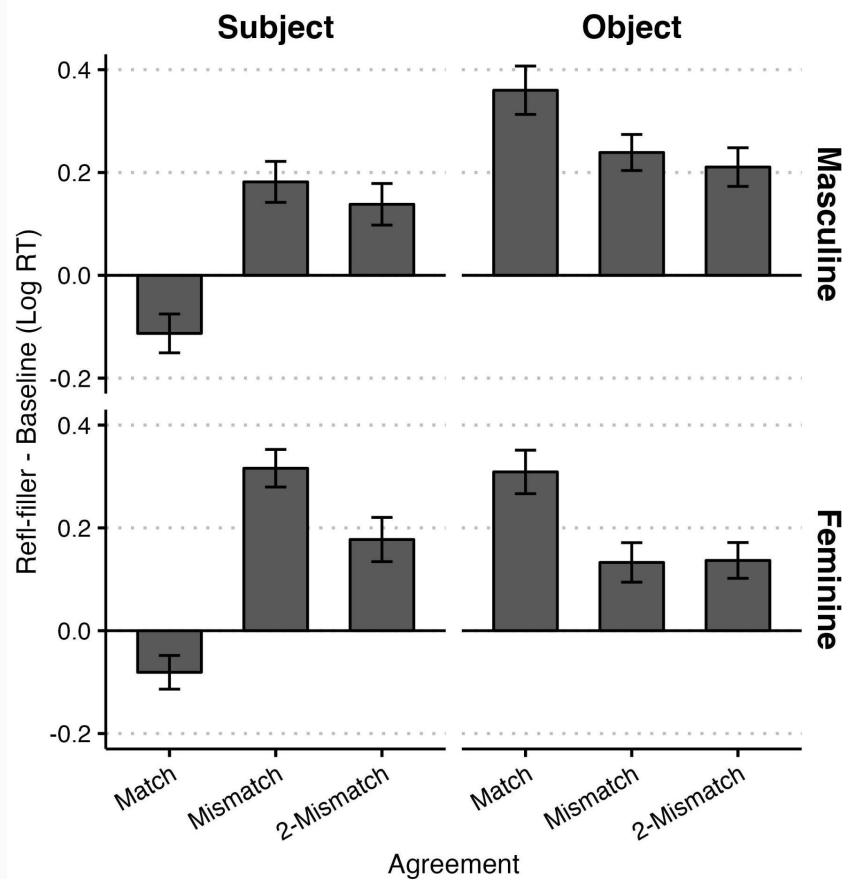
Noisy-channel: Across sets

Misinterpretation is less likely
in the Masculine sets:

Input	Intention
himself	→ herself
himself	→ themselves.F

Than in the Feminine sets:

herself	→ himself
herself	→ themselves.M



English follow up: Inanimate subjects

MATCH

What information about himself did the filmmaker capture the politician sharing in secret?

NUMBER

What information about himself did the filmmakers capture the politician sharing in secret?

ANIMACY

What information about himself did the documentary capture the politician sharing in secret?